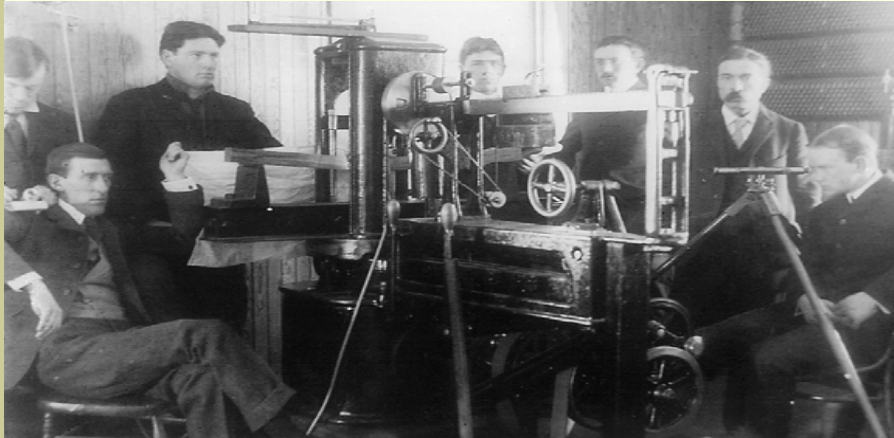


# Opportunity and Development of Bio-Composites

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Forest Product Laboratory  
USDA Forest Service

# USDA Forest Product Laboratory (FPL)

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- Established in 1910
- FPL research benefits in conserving the natural resources and reducing the environmental impact.

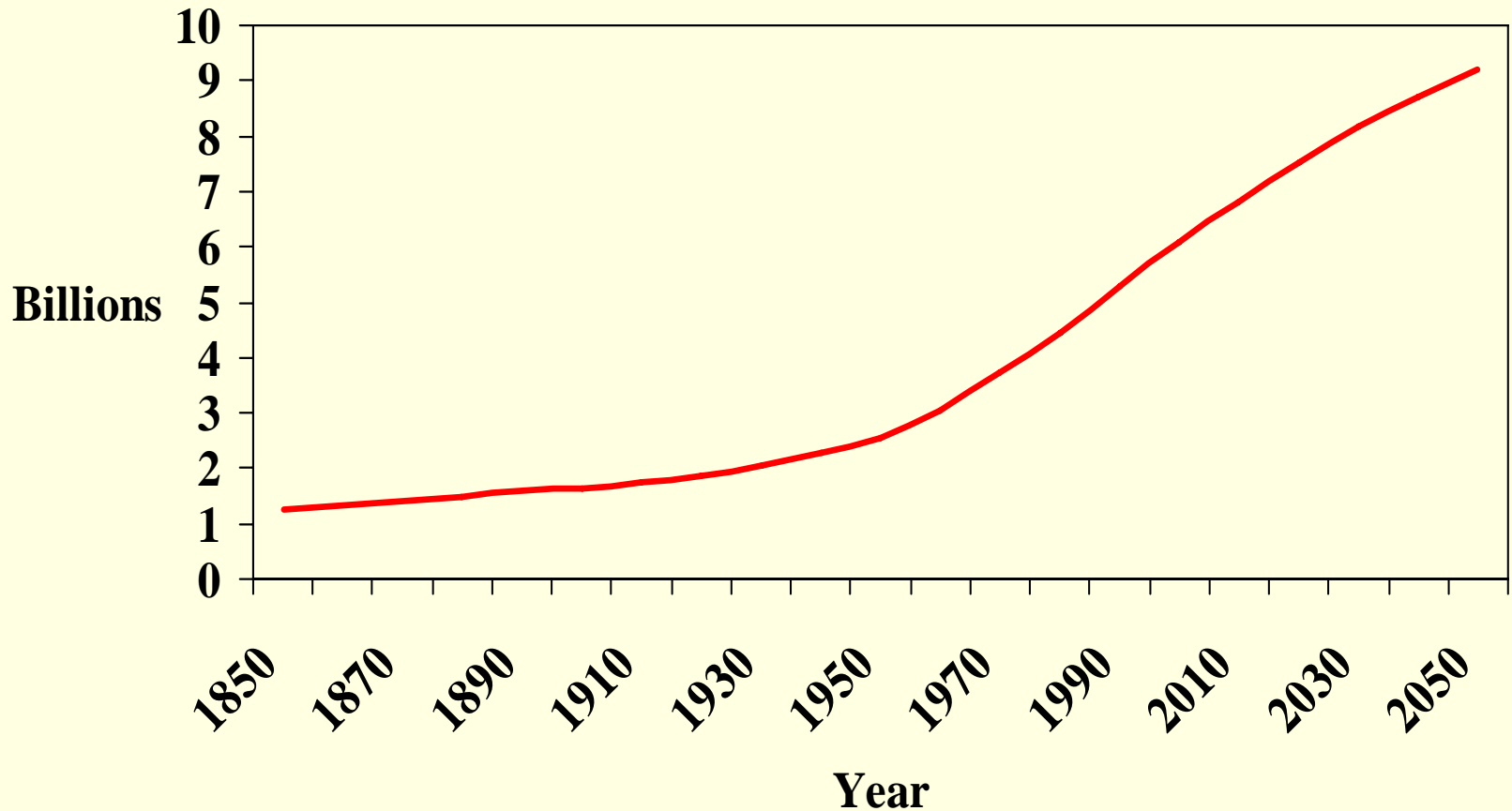
# One Earth

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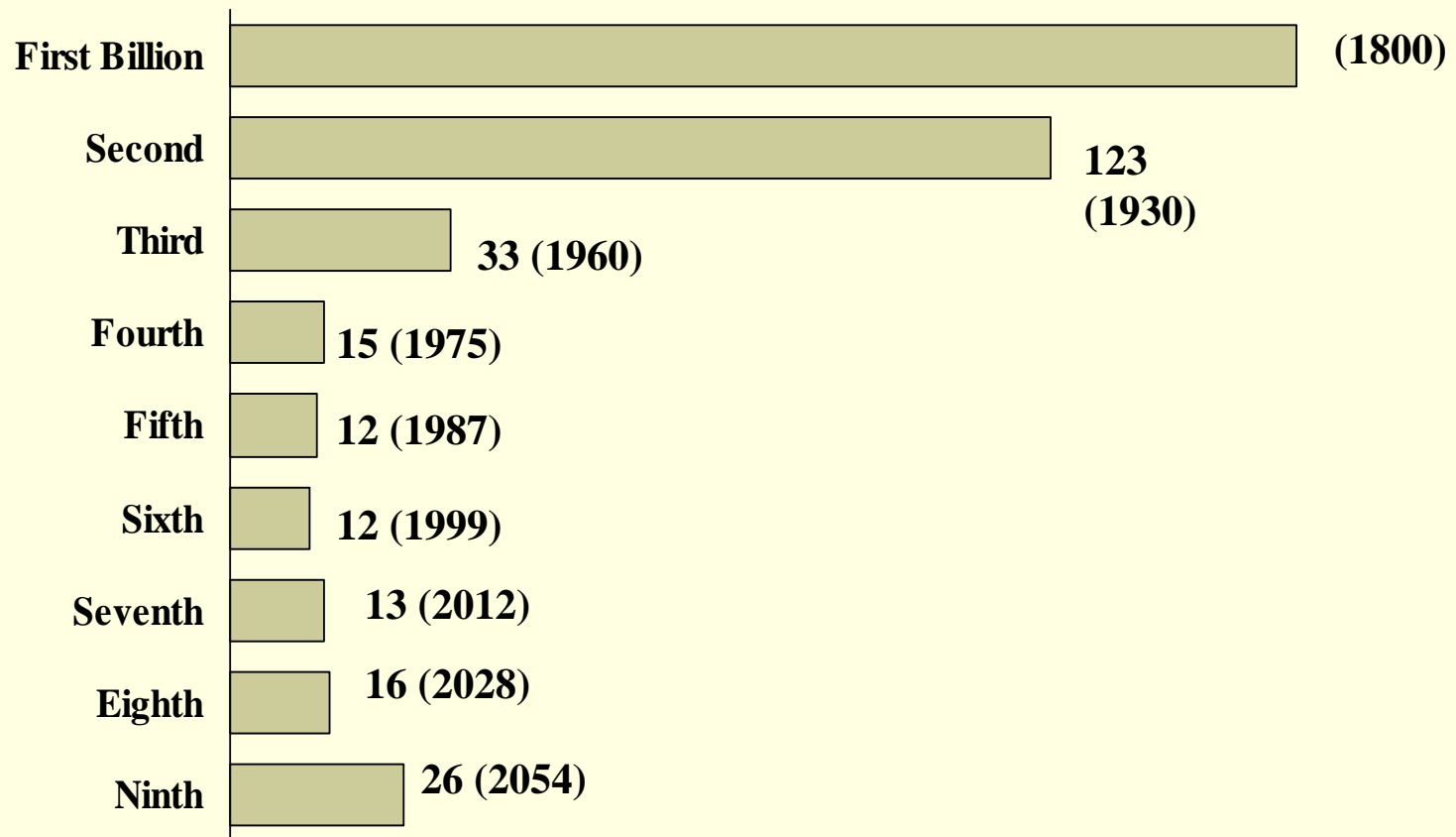
Image courtesy of the Image Science & Analysis Laboratory,  
NASA Johnson Space Center

# World Population 1850-2050



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, International Programs Center, 2004.

# Growth in Global Population



Sources: First and second billion: Population Reference Bureau. Third through ninth billion: United Nations, *World Population in 2300* (medium scenario), 2003.

# World Population and Increase Rate

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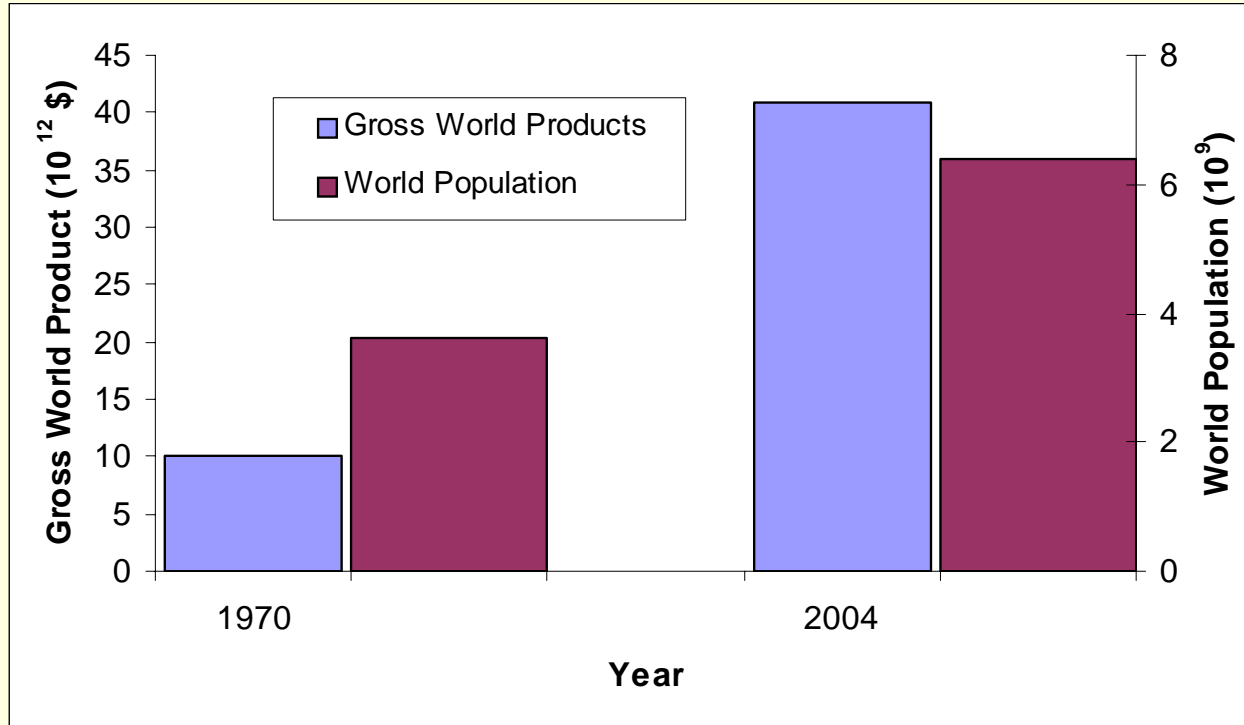
**6.40 billion --- Dec. 6, 2004**

**9.20 billion --- 2050**

**→ Increase Rate = 200,000 / day**

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, International Division, 2004.

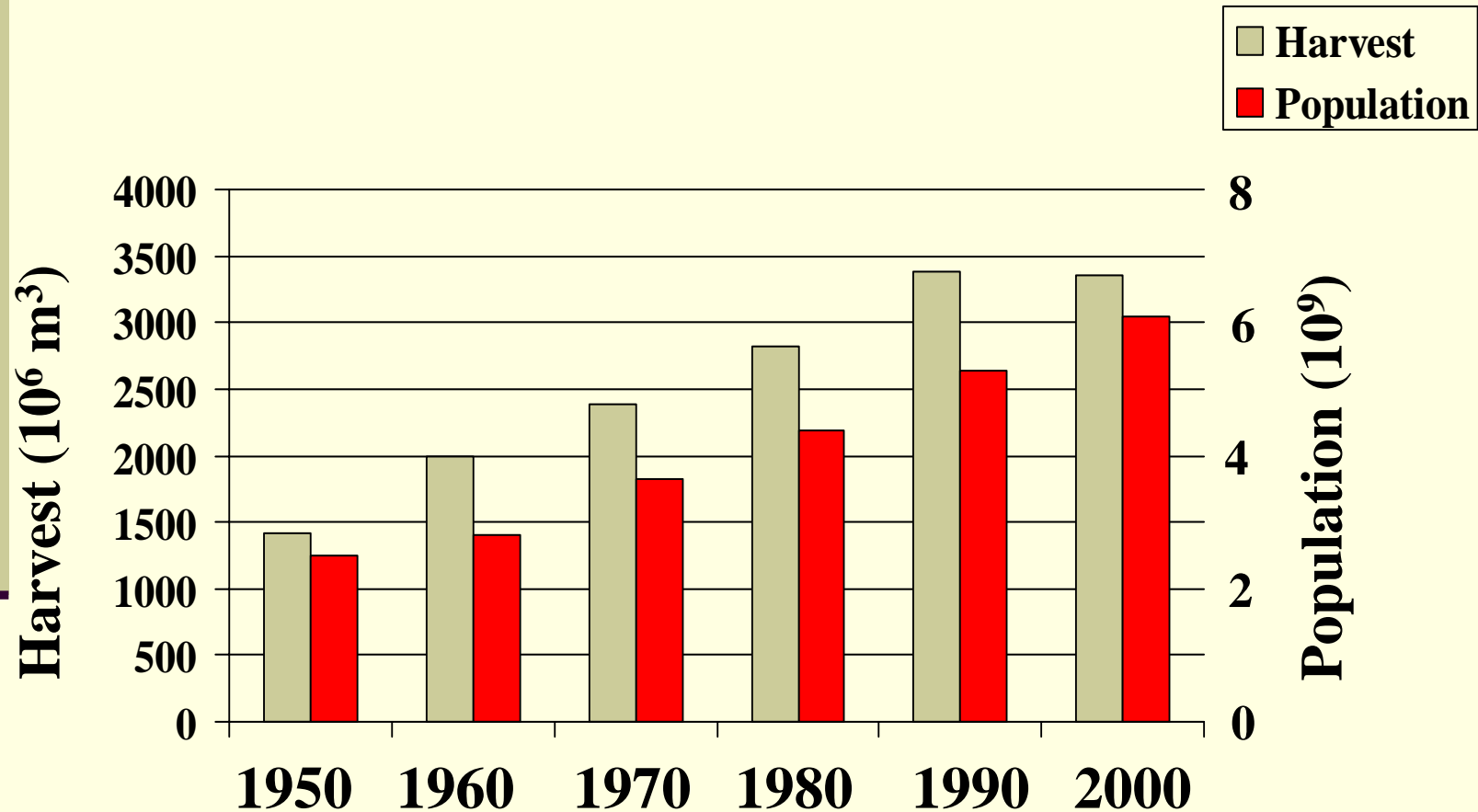
# Gross World Product



**Gross World Products → 300% increase**  
**World population → 78% increase**

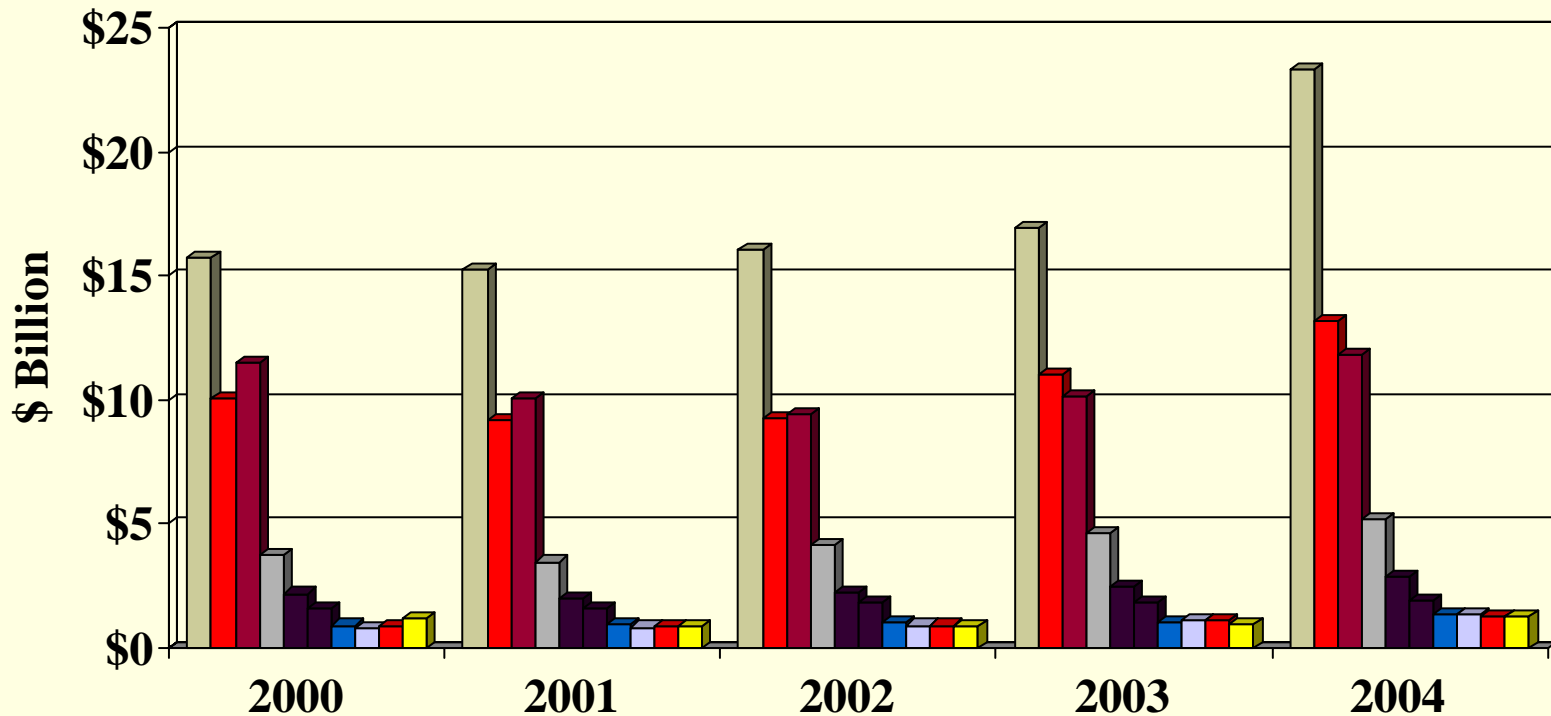
Source: World Bank, 2004

# Global Forest Harvest and Population,



Source: J. Bowyer, Univ. of Minnesota from FAO (2001)

# Global Imports – All Wood Products



Source: Global Trade Atlas (reporting countries)

# Problems

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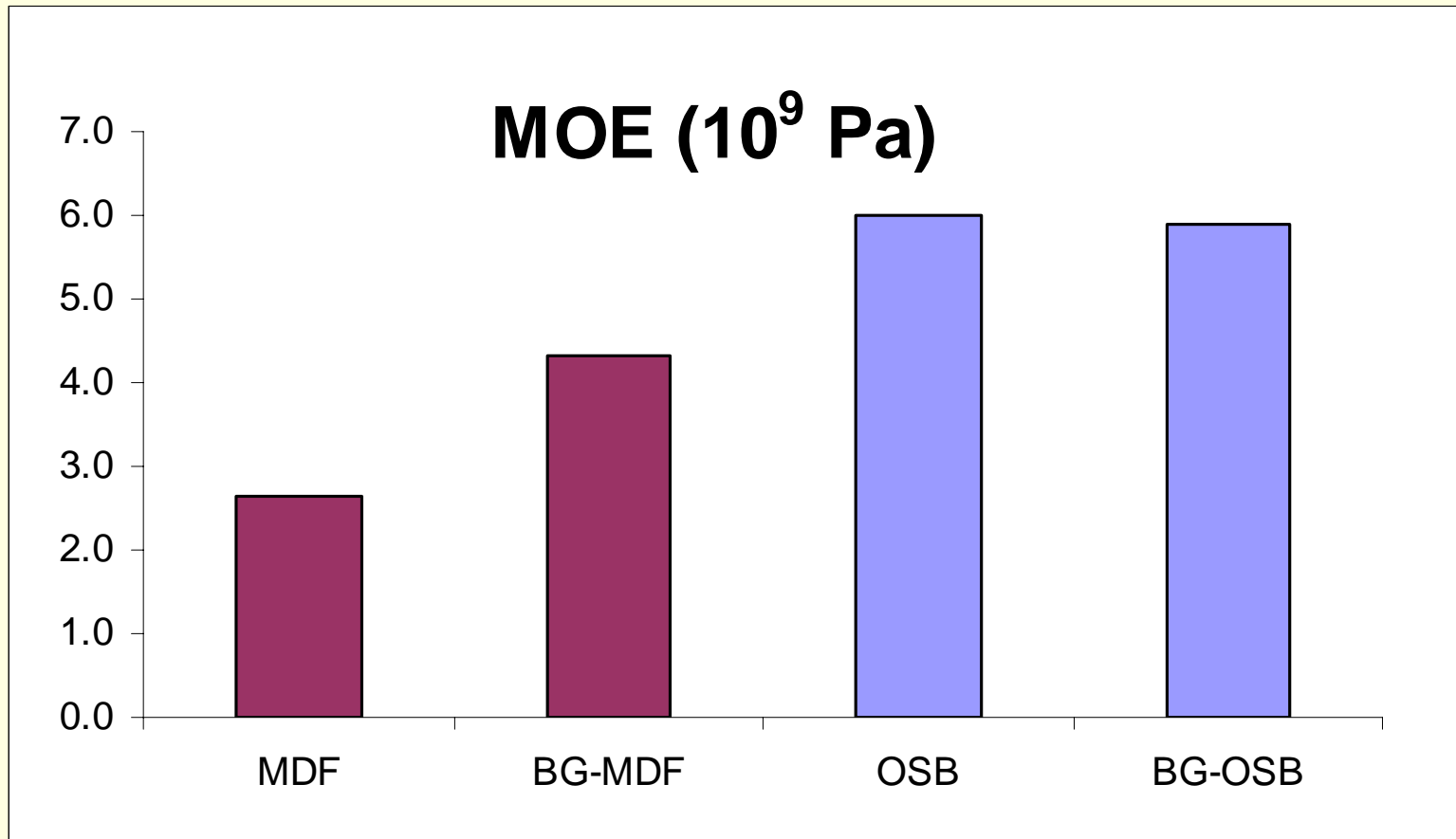
- World population increase is less than the gross world products.
- It is certain that the demand for raw materials will increase substantially in the future.
- Environmental concerns increase. (waste, pollution, global warming)
- People's need for safe, affordable, environmentally-friendly homes is expected to increase substantially.

# Opportunity

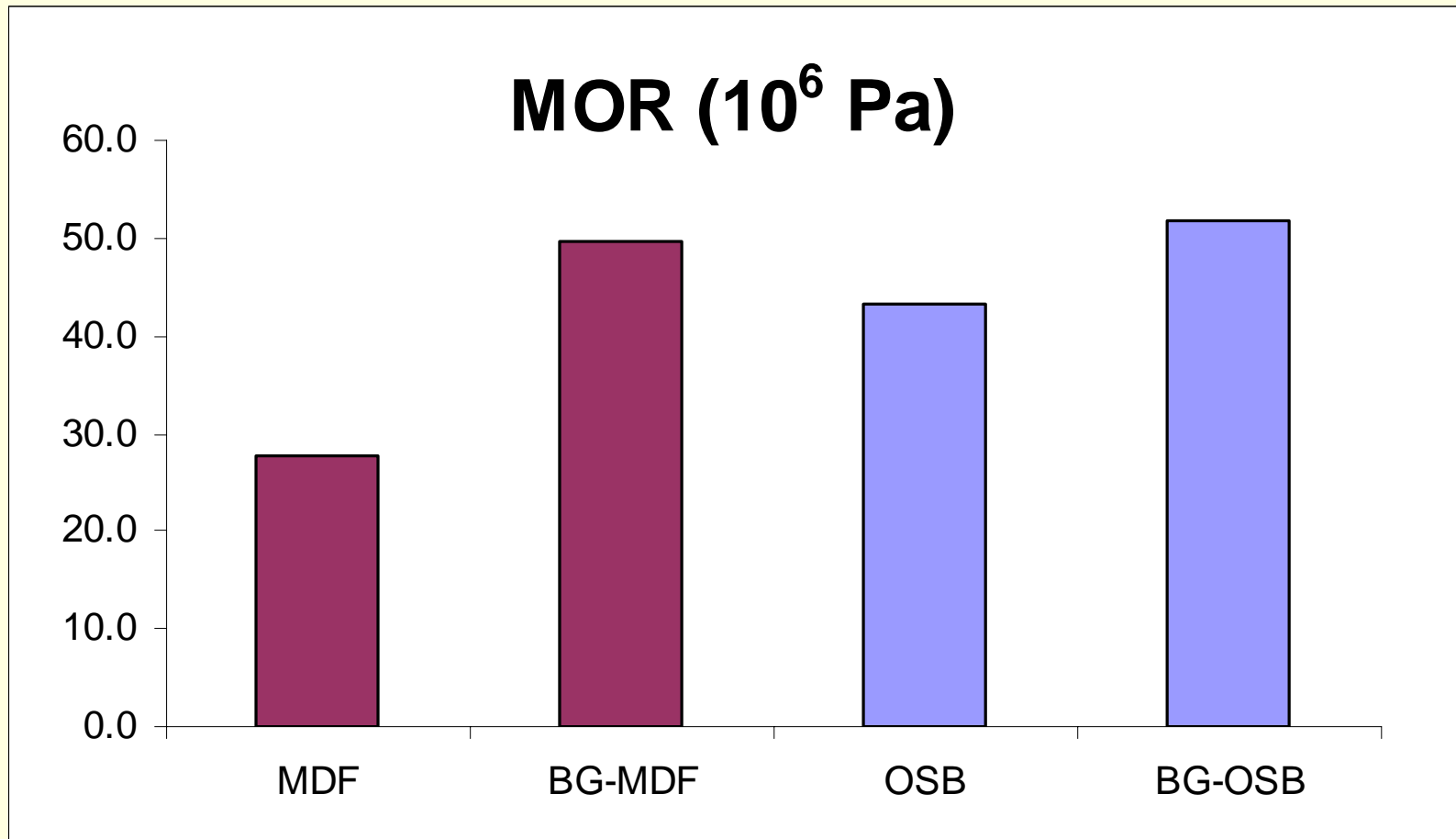
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- Resources
  - Naturally renewable
  - Less energy
  - Environmentally friendly
- → Bio-based materials
  - Wood fiber
  - Agricultural fiber
  - Other woody fiber --- bamboo and rattan

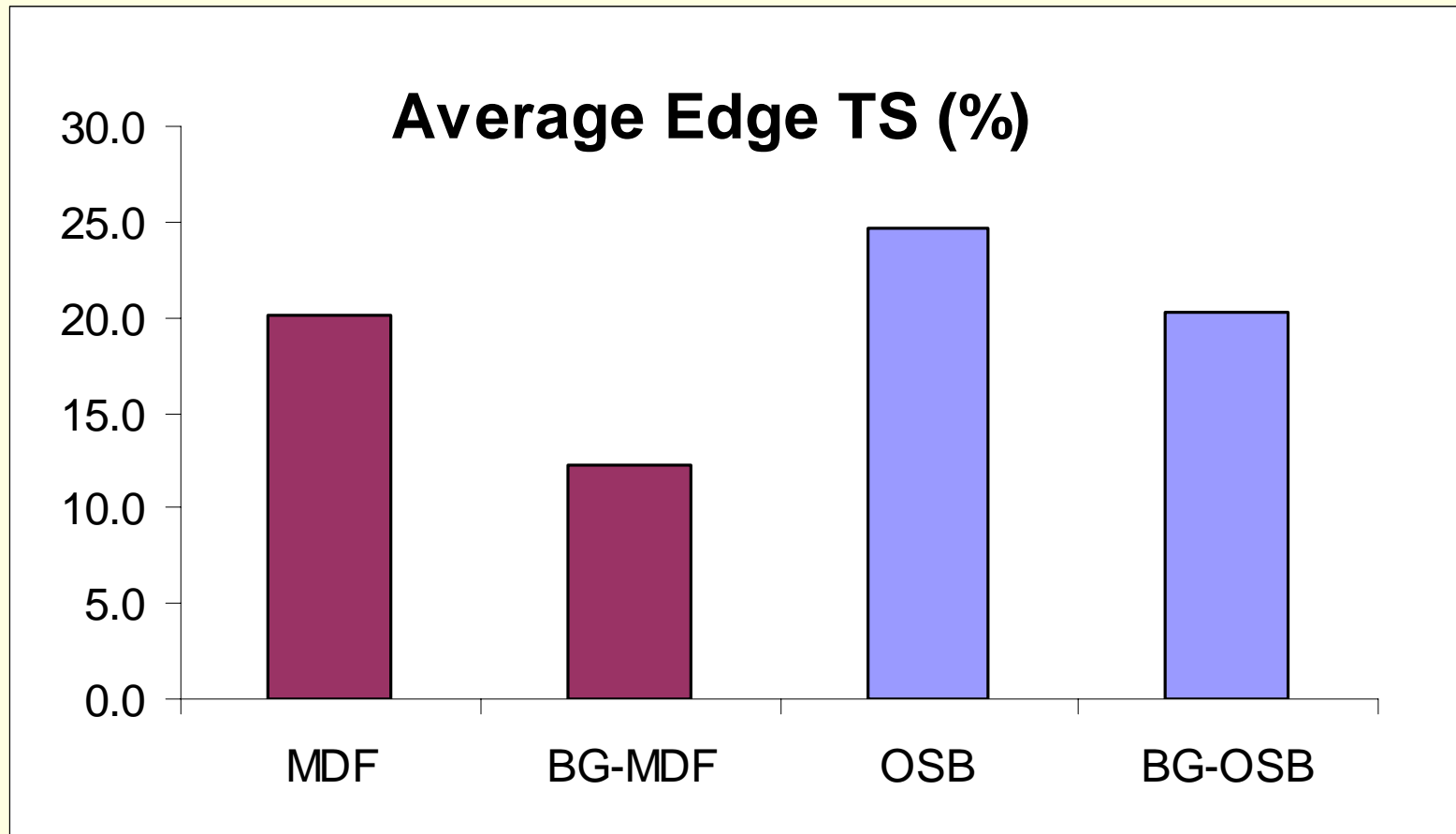
# Bamboo-wood composites



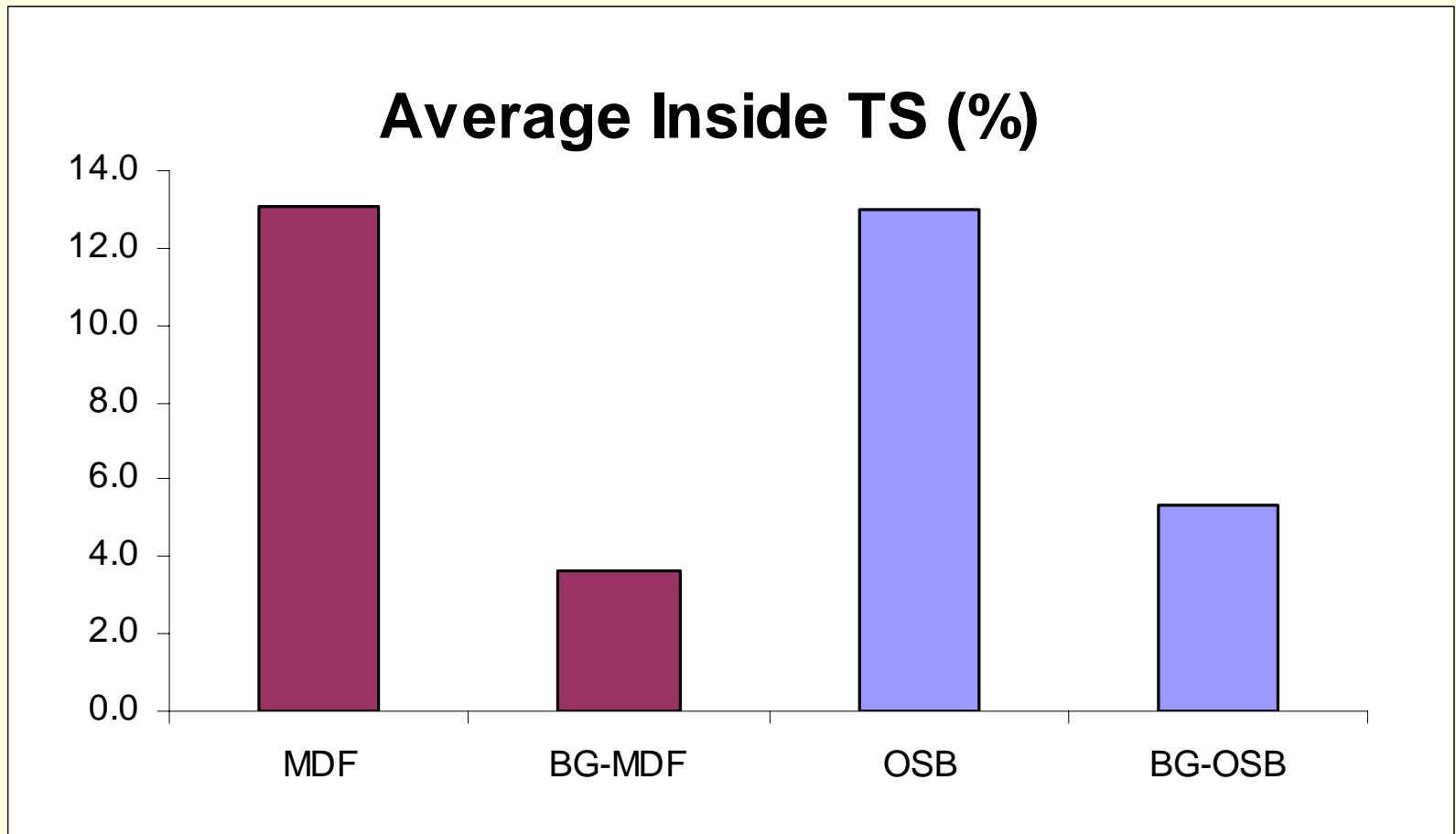
# Bamboo-wood composites



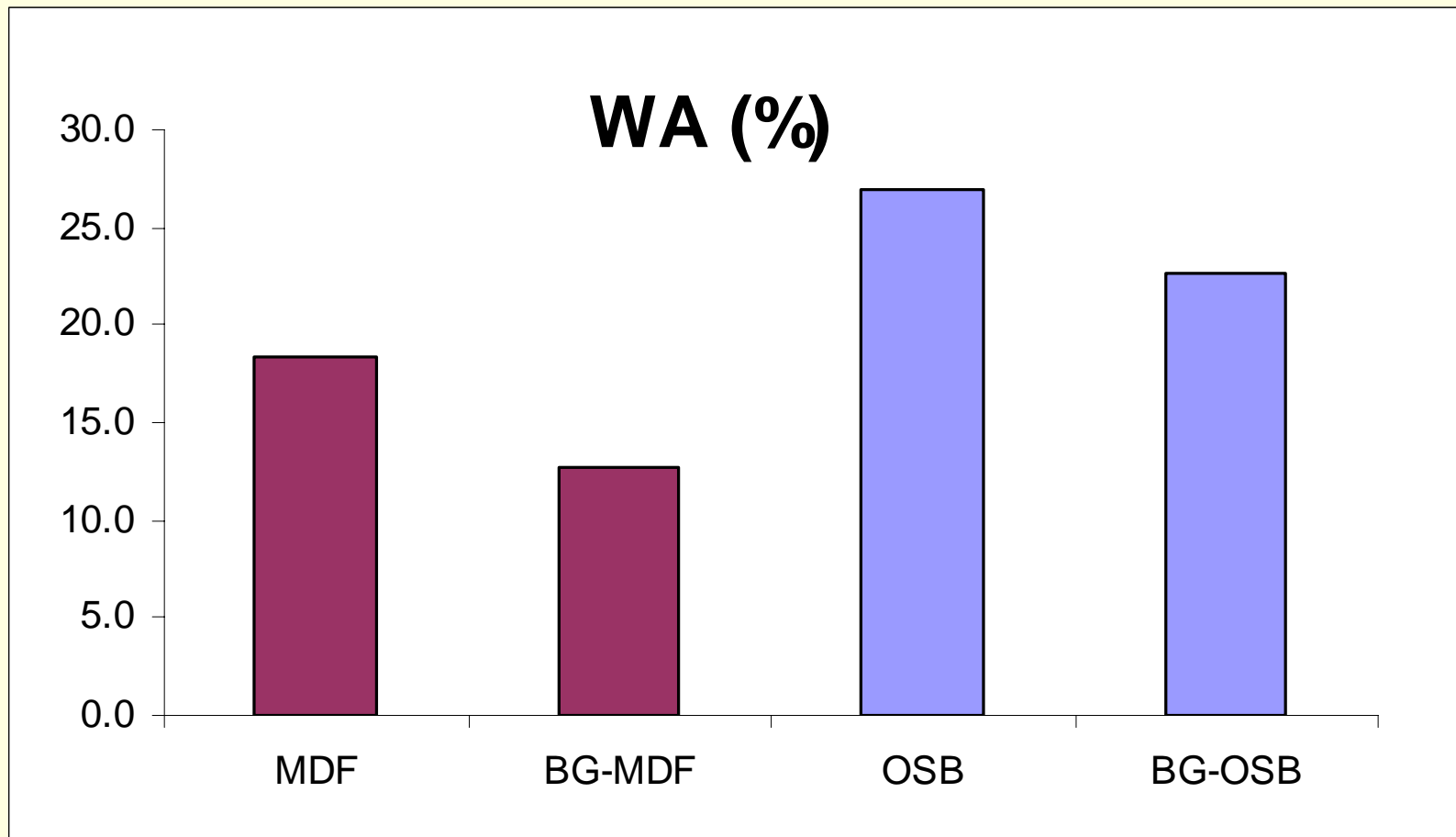
# Bamboo-wood composites



# Bamboo-wood composites



# Bamboo-wood composites



# Development of Bio-Based Composites

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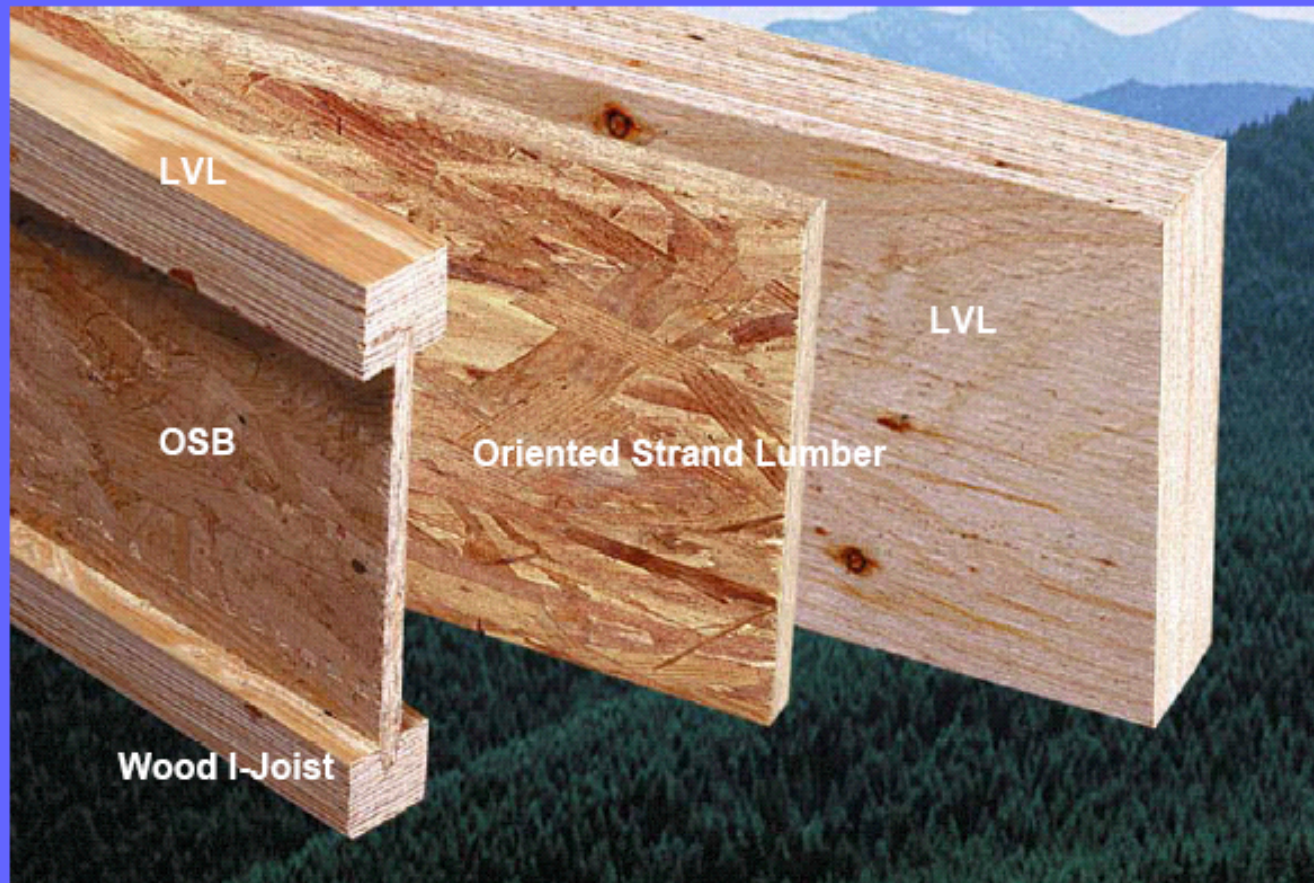
## ■ Version

- To build safe and affordable homes with naturally renewable bio-based materials

## ■ Strategy

- Identify the R&D and market needs
- Understand the performance requirement
- Engineering the processing
- Implement the product

## Engineered Wood Products (EWP)



Source: APA

# Plywood Development

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- Chinese furniture --- thousands years ago
  - Shave wood and glue them together
- Tombs of the Egyptian pharaohs
  - laminated wood
- European countries --- 17<sup>th</sup> and 18<sup>th</sup> century
  - Decorating wood surfaces

# Plywood Development – cont.

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- Patented in 1865 by John K. Mayo
  - "The invention consists in cementing or otherwise fastening together a number of these scales of sheets, with the grain of the successive pieces, or some of them, running crosswise or diversely from that of the others..."
- Unsuccessful in implementing and marketing

# Plywood Development – cont.

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- Birth of the plywood industry --- 1905
  - Portland, Oregon
  - World Fair --- asking for display
  - Portland Manufacturing Co.
    - --- fruit basket and coffee drum
  - Early plywood panels
    - Animal glue – protein based
    - Hand brush
    - Wooden press with house jacks
    - Overnight pressed
    - One press load per day



# Plywood Development – cont.

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- Business senses
  - Marketing and sales (Tom Autzen)
  - Doors and draw bottoms
- Growing
  - Process improvement
    - Automatic glue spreader
    - Hand press
    - Edge trim
    - 420 panels a day
  - Open its own door manufacturing plant

# Plywood Development – cont.

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- Technology improvement
  - Efficient peeling process
  - Hot press
  - New resins
  - → improve performance
  - → low the production cost
- Market develop and Product Promotion (1920)
  - Door
  - Running board and trunk stock
  - → 17 plywood mills
  - →  $0.32 \times 10^6 \text{ m}^3$

# Plywood Development – cont.

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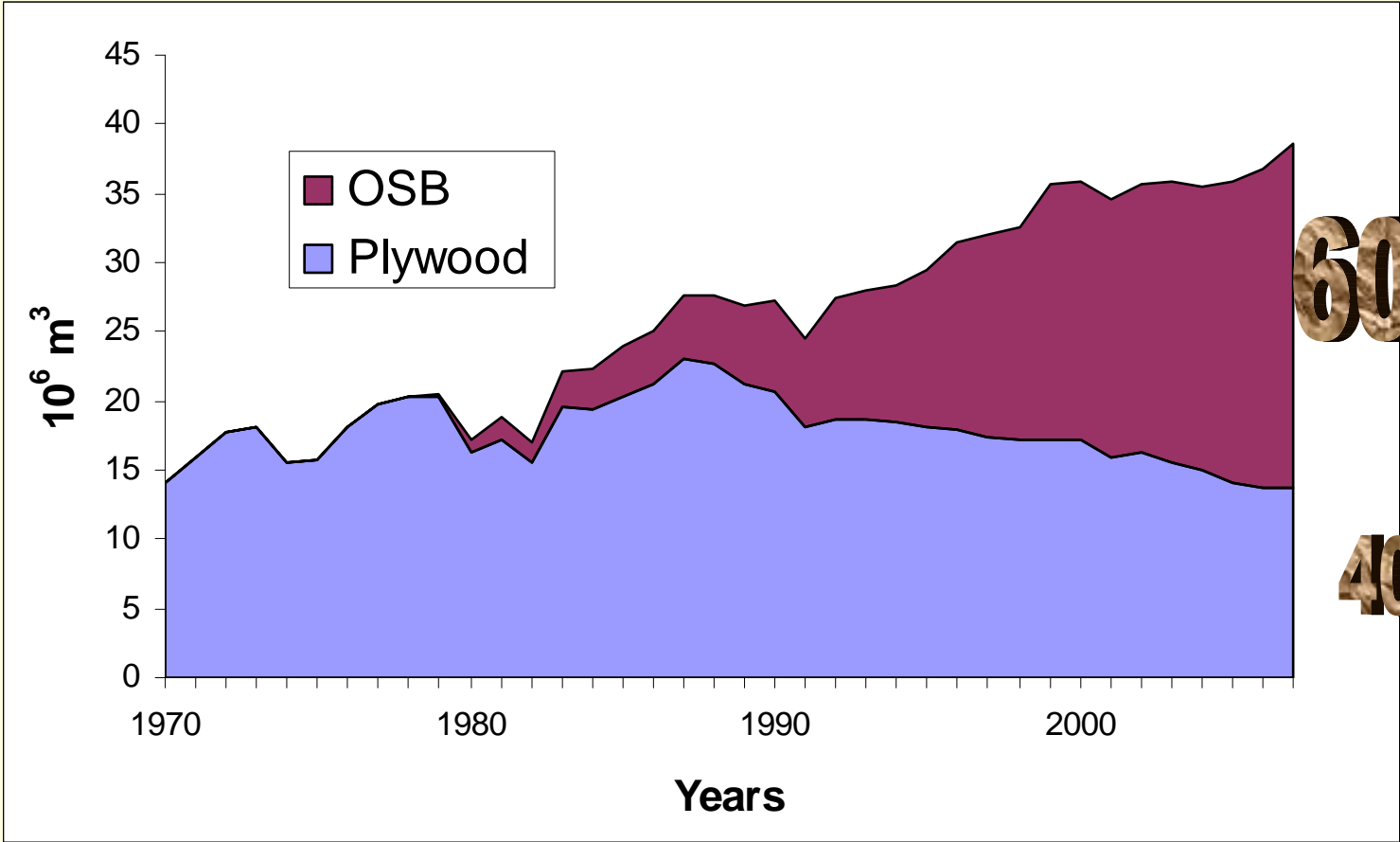
- Establishment of plywood association (1933)
  - Standardization
  - Test/evaluation
  - Promoting plywood – demo. house
  - Providing directions in home constructions
- Opportunity and boom (1940)
  - During the War
  - Post-WWII housing boom
  - →  $18 \times 10^6 \text{ m}^3$

# Plywood Development – cont.

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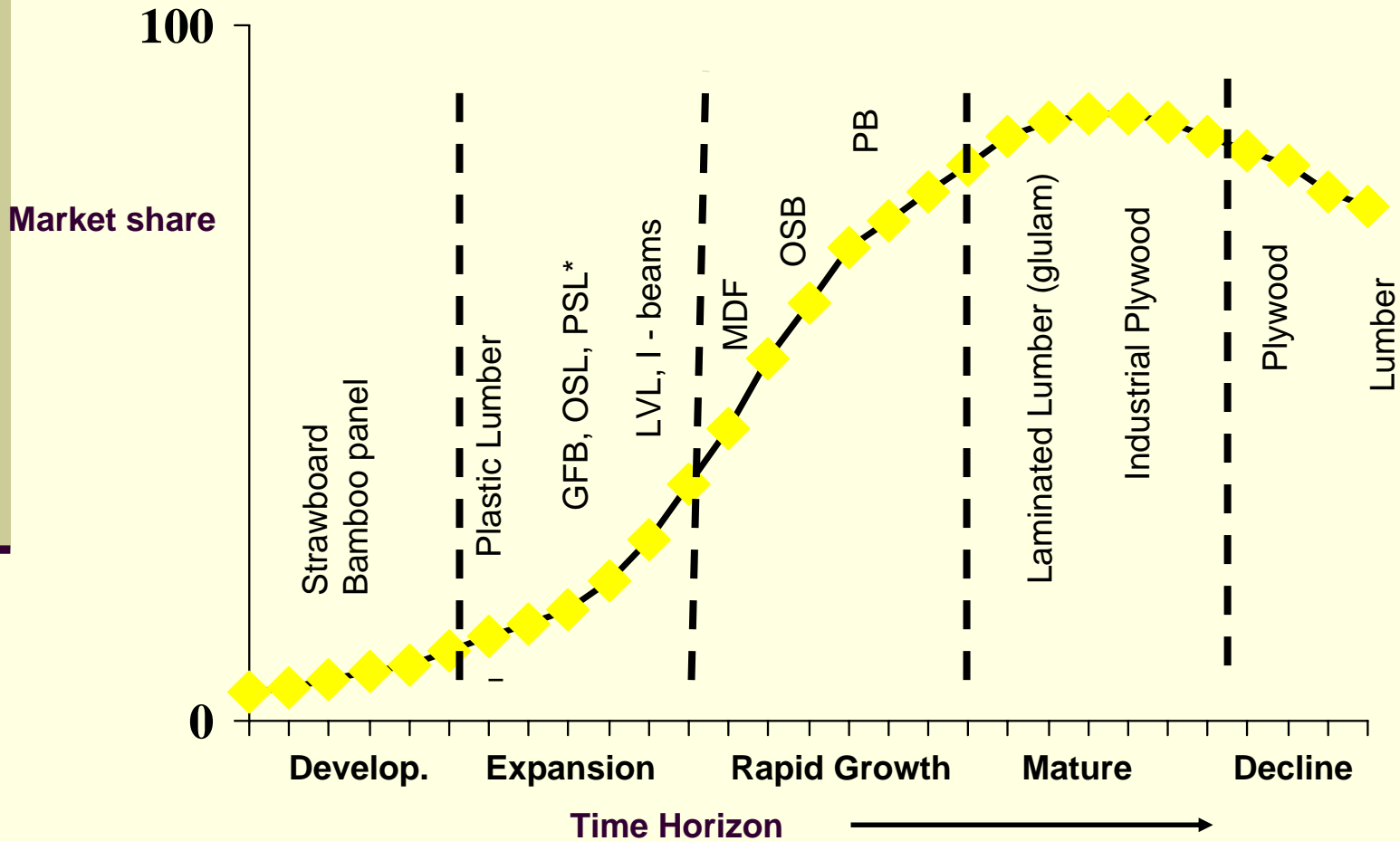
- Successful for half century
  - Efficiency in wood usage
  - Product quality
- New technology → engineered wood products
  - structural wood panels: OSB, plywood, structural composite panels
  - glued laminated timbers: glulam;
  - structural composite lumber: LVL, PSL, and OSL;
  - prefabricated wood I-joists or I-beams;
  - Non-structural composites: MDF, particleboard.

# Structural Panel Production



Source: APA

# Product life cycle depends on competition, resources, new technology.



Source: Al Schuler – USDA Forest Service

# Summary – New Product Development

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## ■ Economic considerations

- Market
- Competition and opportunity
- Weakness and strengths
- Raw material supply (resource)
- Long term profitability
- Investment return and risk

## ■ Environmental considerations

- Natural impact
- Chemical emission & toxic materials
- Recyclable

# Summary – New Product Development

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- Research and Development
  - Raw material preparation
  - Processing
  - Performance, standard, and specification
    - Mechanical and physical
    - Fire and water
    - Durability (decay and insect)
    - Chemical emission and toxicity
    - ....
  - Optimization
  - Recommendation

# Summary – New Product Development

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- Manufacturing
    - Management
    - Safety
    - Industrial hygiene
  - Advertisement and sales
    - Model house
    - Distribution
    - Education
- ➔ Products don't sell itself.



**Thank You!**